- Exam 2	Exam Number: 07			
ESTIONS				
Id:	Course:			
esson: 4-7				
Exam Strategies to get	t the best performance:			
• Spend 5 minutes reading your exam. Use this time				
to classify each Question	n in (E) Easy, (M) Medium			
and (D) Difficult.				
• Be confident by solving the easy questions first then the medium questions.				
Be sure to check each so	lution. In average, you			
only need 30 seconds to	test it. (Use good sense).			
Don't waste too much tin	ne on a question even if			
you know how to solve i	t. Instead, skip the			
question and put a circle	around the problem			
number to work on it late	er. In average, the easy ar			
medium questions take u	p half of the exam time.			
Solving the all of the eas	sy and medium question			
will already guarantee a	minimum grade. Now, yo			
are much more confident	t and motivated to solve			
the difficult or skipped q	uestions.			
	are much more confiden the difficult or skipped q			

- Relax and use strategies to improve your performance.
- Be patient and try not to leave the exam early. Use the remaining time to double check your solutions.

- 1. Given  $\cos(a + b) = \cos a \cos b \sin a \sin b$ , then:
- a)  $\cos 2x = 2\cos^2 x + 1$ b)  $\cos 2x = \cos^2 x + \sin^2 x$ c)  $\cos 2x = \sin^2 x - \cos^2 x$ d)  $\cos 2x = 2\cos^2 x - 1$
- e) None of the above.

2. Simplify  $sin(x - \pi)$ :

- a)  $\sin x$
- b)  $\cos x$
- c)  $-\cos x$
- d)  $-\sin x$
- e) None of the above.

3. Simplify  $\cot(x + \pi)$ :

- a)  $\tan x$
- b)  $-\cot x$
- c)  $-\tan x$
- d)  $\cot x$
- e) None of the above.

## 4. Simplify $\cos(x - \frac{3\pi}{2})$ :

- a)  $\sin x$
- b)  $\cos x$
- c)  $-\cos x$
- d)  $-\sin x$
- e) None of the above.

5. Simplify 
$$\cot\left(x + \frac{3\pi}{2}\right)$$
:

- a)  $\tan x$
- b)  $\cot x$
- c)  $-\cos x$
- d)  $-\cot x$
- e) None of the above.

6. The value of sin 75° is

a) 
$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}(\sqrt{3}-1)$$
  
b)  $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}(\sqrt{3}+1)$   
c)  $-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}(\sqrt{3}-1)$   
d)  $-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}(\sqrt{3}+1)$ 

7. The value of cos 15° is

a) 
$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}(\sqrt{3}-1)$$
  
b)  $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}(\sqrt{3}+1)$   
c)  $-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}(\sqrt{3}-1)$   
d)  $-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}(\sqrt{3}+1)$ 

- e) None of the above.
- 8. The value of  $tan(-105^\circ)$  is
- a)  $3 + \sqrt{2}$ b)  $3 - \sqrt{2}$ c)  $-2 + \sqrt{3}$ d)  $-2 - \sqrt{3}$
- e) None of the above.

9. The value of  $\cos 2x - \cos^2 x$  is:

- a)  $1 + \sin 2x$
- b)  $1 \sin 2x$
- c)  $\cos^2 x$
- d)  $\sin^2 x$
- e) None of the above.

10. Solve 
$$\sin 2x + \cos x = 0$$
  

$$x = \frac{\pi}{2} + \pi k$$
a)  $x = \frac{\pi}{6} + 2\pi k$ 

$$x = \frac{5\pi}{6} + 2\pi k$$
b)  $x = \frac{7\pi}{6} + 2\pi k$ 

$$x = \frac{\pi}{2} + \pi k$$

$$x = \frac{\pi}{6} + 2\pi k$$

$$x = \frac{11\pi}{6} + 2\pi k$$

$$x = \pi k$$

$$x = \frac{2\pi}{3} + 2\pi k$$

$$x = \frac{4\pi}{3} + 2\pi k$$

$$x = \frac{\pi}{3} + 2\pi k$$

$$x = \frac{5\pi}{3} + 2\pi k$$

$$k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

e) None of the above.

11. Solve:  $\sin(-3x) - \sin(x) = 0$ 

a) 
$$x = \frac{\pi k}{4}, k \in \mathbb{Z}$$
  
b)  $x = \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi k}{2}$  or  $x = \pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$   
c)  $x = \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi k}{2}$  and  $x = \frac{\pi}{2} + \pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$   
d)  $x = \frac{\pi}{2} + \pi k$  and  $x = \pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$ 

e) None of the above.

12. Solve:  $\cos 3x - \cos x = 0$ 

a) 
$$x = \frac{\pi k}{2}, k \in \mathbb{Z}$$
  
b)  $x = \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi k}{2}$  or  $x = \pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$   
c)  $x = \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi k}{2}$  and  $x = \frac{\pi}{2} + \pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$   
d)  $x = \frac{\pi}{2} + \pi k$  and  $x = \pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$   
e) None of the above.

13. Solve: tan(-3x) + tan x = 0

a) 
$$x = \frac{\pi}{2} + \pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

b) There is no solution.

c) 
$$x = \pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$$
  
d)  $x = \frac{\pi k}{2}, k \in \mathbb{Z}$ 

e) None of the above.

14. A person 50 meters from the base of a tree, observes that the angle between the ground and the top of the tree is 30 degrees. Estimate the height H (m) of the tree.

a) 
$$\frac{10\sqrt{3}}{3}$$
 b)  $\frac{20\sqrt{3}}{3}$  c)  $10\sqrt{3}$  d)  $\frac{50\sqrt{3}}{3}$  e)  $20\sqrt{3}$ 

15. Find sin(3*x*).

- a)  $4 \sin x 3 \sin^3 x$ b)  $3 \sin x - 4 \sin^3 x$
- c)  $3\sin x 4\sin^2 x$
- d)  $4\sin x 3\sin^2 x$
- e) None of the above.

16. Find the value of 
$$\theta = \arcsin\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$$

a) 
$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{4}$$
  
b)  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$   
c)  $\theta = \frac{5\pi}{3}$   
 $7\pi$ 

d)  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{4}$ e) None of the above.

17. Find the value of 
$$\theta = \arccos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$$
.

a) 
$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{4}$$
  
b)  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$   
c)  $\theta = \frac{5\pi}{6}$   
d)  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{6}$ 

e) None of the above.

18. Find the value of 
$$\theta = \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)$$
.

a) 
$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{4}$$
  
b)  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$   
c)  $\theta = \frac{5\pi}{3}$   
d)  $\theta = \frac{11\pi}{6}$ 

e) None of the above.

I. 
$$\sin x = \frac{2t^2}{1+t^2}$$
  
II.  $\cos x = \frac{1-t^2}{1+t^2}$   
III.  $\tan x = \frac{2t}{1-t^2}$ , where  $t \neq \pm 1$ .

- a) Only I and II are correct
  b) Only I and III are correct
  c) Only II and III are correct
  d) I, II, and III are correct
  e) None of the above.

MathVantage					Trigonomet	try - Exam 2	Exam Number: 071			
				P	ART 2: SOI	LUTIONS		Consulting		
Name:_							Age:_	Id:	Course	:
<b>Multiple-Choice Answers</b>								Ext	ra Questions	
	Questions	Α	в	с	D	Е	]	21 Solve: co	$\cos^{-1}\left[\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right]$	
	1							21. 501/0. 00	$[30^{13}]^{13}$	
	2							where cos <sup>-1</sup>	$x$ is the inverse function of $\cos x$	<b>х</b> .
	3									
	4									
	5									
	6									
	7									
	8									
	9									
	10									
	11									
	12									
	13									
	14									
	15							22 Find the	value of the expression:	
	16							22. Find the	value of the expression.	
	17							tan arccos(1	1) - $\arcsin(1) + \arctan(-1)$	
	18							L	L	
	19									
	20									

5

## Let this section in blank

	Points	Max
Multiple Choice		100
Extra Points		25
Consulting		10
Age Points		25
Total Performance		160
Grade		Α

23. Solve:

 $\sin(2x) = \sin x$ ; where  $0 \le x < 2\pi$ 

25. Solve:  $-\cos x - \sin x = -1$ , where  $x \in [0, 2\pi]$ .

Hint: There are severals method to solve it including:

- 1. Squaring both side of the equation
- 2. Addition formulas
- 3. Sum to Product formulas
- 4. Tangent Half-angle formulas.

Choose any method to receive a full credit of 10 points, but I will give you additional 5 points for each correct extra additional method. (Maximum question value is 25 points).

24. Simplify:  $\frac{\sin(2x)}{\sin x \cos x}$